







with the provisions of Section 42(3) of the Telecommunications Act 2053(1997), and that such a discrimination should be discontinued immediately making available all services and facilities to the petitioner as they are available to the respondent's own service providers, is still under consideration. In this course, members of Internet Service Providers' Association of Nepal including WorldLink Communications Pvt. Ltd. on 2064.11.16(28 February 2008) filed a petition for holding up the ADSL tariff rates approval process initiated by NDCL until an arrangement is made ensuring equality in treatment between and among the customers including the petitioner in extending services, and until the dispute under consideration is settled; and NDCL has submitted subsequently that it is no doubt that if the petitioner wants to receive services similar to those offered to common



access to broadband internet through ADSL, unless their NDCL PSTN line is ADSL enabled. Even when they wish to, such ISPs would not be able to increase internet bandwidth for customers having access to the

is contained in Section 2 (2)(a) of the Telecommunications Regulation Reference Paper (TRRP) by the World Trade Organization (WTO), as given hereunder:

**2.2 Interconnection to be ensured:** Interconnection with a major supplier will be ensured at any technically feasible point

and install their own Optical Network Units (ONU) along side PTCL's cabinets.  
PTCL shall provide access of its secondary network to ISPs fibers network for



issue an order requiring the Nepal Doorsanchar Company Limited to extend ADSL technology service to the petitioners at the rate as may be agreed mutually, to submit before the Authority the agreed rate for the service determined mutually within 30 days of